REVENUE SECRETARIAT

Dated 21st August 1951.

No. R. 5662-4—L.S. 40-51-6. It is notified for general information that, under section 1(2) of the Record of Rights Act No. X of 1927, Government are pleased to direct that the provisions of the said Act shall be extended to the Sarvamanya Narsipur Village, Kora Hobli, Tumkur Taluk.

2. The Record is intended to check litigation in regard to land and to facilitate its disposal by the Courts, to reduce unnecessary expenditure by the raiyats in executing and registering documents and to protect them against fraud and fabrication of false claims. It will also be of assistance to Government as well as the raiyats in the distribution of assessment among the various hissadars, the grant of Takavi and Land Improvement Loans and the grant of suspension or remission of land revenue.

3. To facilitate the accurate preparation of the Record of Rights, the Preliminary Record will first be prepared by the Shanbhoges to the best of their information in the prescribed form and every case will be duly investigated by a Special Revenue Inspector. There will be a check of the Preliminary Record by the Amildar or other officer specially authorised by the Superintendent of Land Records, Survey and Settlement or by the Deputy Commissioner, in this behalf. Occupants and persons interested in the land are required to furnish every information that may be within their knowledge to the Investigating Officers in order to ensure accuracy in the preparation of this record which will form the basis of the future Records of rights.

4. All persons interested in the land are required to render every reasonable assistance to officers of the Department of Land Records when they come to a village to measure the hissas and to conduct enquires in cases disputed boundary lines between hissas in the field, after giving the prescribed notice.

5. The attention of the public is invited to the provisions of Section 7 of the Record of Rights Act requiring them on requisition by a Revenue Officer, engaged in compiling or revising the Record of Rights to furnish or produce information and documents needed for the correct compilation or revision thereof within one month from the date of such requisition. Failur to comply with this requisition and secure registration of their rights, will render occupants and holders of interests in land liable to a fine not exceeding Rs. 5 (recoverable as an arrear of land revenue) besides depriving them of the advantages enumerated above. The officer to whom any information is furnished or before whom any documents are produced in accordance with the requisition will give a written acknowledgment therefor in the form prescribed to the person furnishing or producing the same and shall endorse on any such document, before returning it to him, a note under signature stating the fact of its production and the date thereof.

By Order of His Highness the Maharaja,

3495

Dated 21st August 1951.

No. R. 5668-70—L.S. 40-51-7. Under Section 236 of the Mysore Land Revenue Code, Regulation No. IV of 1888, the Government of Mysore are pleased to authorise the extension of the provisions of Chapters VIII to X of the said Code to the village of Sarvamanya Narsipur Village, Kora Hobli, Tumkur Taluk.

By Order of His Highness the Maharaja,

3496

Dated 21st August 1951.

No. R. 5696-99. Under Rule 2 of the rules issued in Government Order No. R. 14-25—L.R., 149-24-74, dated 3rd October 1925, as amended by Government Order No. R. 4229-40—L.R. 489-26-4, dated 1st December 1927, the tracts forming the atchkats of the Amani Doddakere tank in the villages noted below of Hoskote Taluk, are declared entitled to remission of half wet assessment during the year 1950-51 under Section 16 (2) of the Mysore Irrigation Act :—

1. Horatur.
2. Amani Doddakere.
3. Mallasandra.
4. Bunjena Agrahar.
5. Seegehalli.
6. Bhaktharahalli.
7. Harohalli.
8. Kannamangala
9. Thimmalasettyhalli
10. Naganalkanahalli.
11. Samathanahalli.
12. Kadugodi
13. Channasandra.
14. Doddgattiganahbe.

By Order of His Highness the Maharaja,

3498

Dated 20th August 1951.

No. LB. 5924—A.D.C. 2-51-26. Whereas it appears to His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore that the undermentioned lands situated in Malurpatna Village, Channapatna Taluk, Bangalore District, are needed for a public purpose, to wit, The Adikarnataka Extension at Malurpatna village, Malur Hobli, Channapatna Taluk; notice to that effect is hereby given to all whom it may concern, in accordance with the provisions of Section 4 (1) of the Land Acquisition Act of 1894, as amended by the Land Acquisition Amendment Act No. I of 1927, and His Highness the Maharaja hereby authorises the Deputy Commissioner, Bangalore District and his subordinates and also the Sub-Division Officer, Ramanagaram to exercise the powers conferred by Section 4 (2) of the Act. Under sub-section (4) of Section 17 of the Land Acquisition Act of 1894, as amended by Act No. I of 1927, His Highness the Maharaja directs that in view of the urgency of the case, the provisions of Section 5-A of the Act shall not apply to the acquisition of the lands noted below.

Bangalore District, Channapatna Taluk, Malur Hobli, Malurpatna Village.

Malurpatna, Survey No. 257—1, in the khate of Ninge Gowda and in the anubhava of Karipatte Gowda and bounded on the North by Survey No. 256, South by Adikaranataka Colony, East by Remaining portion of Survey No. 257—1, and West by Adikarnataka Colony, the area required being 22 guntas, assessed at Re. 0—10—0.

Malurpatna, Survey No. 307—1, in the khate and anubhava of Dyavarase Gowda and bounded on the North by Adikaranataka Colony, South by Remaining Portion of Survey No. 308, East by Road to Sulleri, and West by Voni and Remaining Portion of Survey No. 308, the area required being 4½ guntas, assessed at Re 0—2—3.

Malurpatna, Survey No. 307—2, in the khate and anubhava of Sidde Gowda, and bounded on the North by Adikarnataka Colony South by Remaining Portions Survey No. 307 and 308, East by Road to Sulleri, and West by Voni and Remaining Portion of Survey No. 308, the area required being 4½ guntas, assessed at Re. 0—2—3.

Malurpatna. Survey No. 307—3, in the khate and anubhava of Chowda Boyee and bounded on the North by Adikarnataka Colony, South by Remaining Portion of Survey No. 307 and 308, East by Road to Sulleri and West by Voni and Remaining Portion of Survey No. 308, the area required being 11 guntas, assessed at Re. 0—5—3

Malurpatna, Survey No 308, in the khate of Talari Inam and in the anubhava of Kempa Chowdaiah and others and bounded on the North by Adikarnataka Colony, South by Remaining Portion of Survey No. 307 and 308, East by Road to Sulleri and West by Voni and Remaining Portion Survey No.308, the area required being 18 guntas, assessed at Re. 0—8—7.

Dated 20th August 1951.

No. L B. 5925—A.D.C. 2-51-27. Under Section 6 of the Land Acquisition Act of 1894, as amended by the Land Acquisition Amendment Act No. I of 1927, His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore declares that the lands measuring 1 acre and 20 guntas, be the same a little more or less, are needed for a public purpose, to wit, Adikarnataka Extension at Malurpatna village, Malur Hobli, Channapatna Taluk; and under Sections 4 and 7 of the same Act, the Assistant Commissioner in charge of Ramanagaram Sub-Division, is appointed to perform the functions of a Deputy Commissioner under the Act and directed to take orders for the acquisition of the said lands. Under sub-section (1) of Section 17 of the Act, His Highness the Maharaja further directs that the possession of the said lands may be taken on the expiry of fifteen days from the date of publication of the notice mentioned in Section 9 (1) of the Act. A plan of the lands is kept in the Office of the Sub-Division Officer, Ramanagaram Sub-Division and may be inspected at any time during office hours.

Bangalore District, Channapatna Taluk, Malur Hobli, Malurpatna Village.

Malurpatna, Survey No. 257—1, in the khate of Ninge Gowda and in the anubhava of Karipatte Gowda and bounded on the North by Survey No. 256, South by Adikarnataka Colony East by Remaining of Portion Survey No. 257—1 and West by Adikarnataka Colony, the area required being 22 guntas, assessed at Re. 0—10—0.

Malurpatna, Survey No. 307—1, in the khate and anubhava of Dyavarase Gowda and bounded on the North by Adikarnataka Colony, South by Remaining Portion Survey No. 307 and 308, East by Road to Sulleri and West by Voni and Remaining Portion Survey No. 308, the area required being 4½ guntas assessed at Re. 0—2—3.

Malurpatna, Survey No. 307—2, in the khate and anubhava of Sidde Gowda and bounded on the North by Adikaranataka Colony, South by Remaining Portion of Survey No. 307 and 308, East by Road to Sulleri and West by Voni and Remaining Portion of Survey No. 308, the area required being 4½ guntas, assessed at Re. 0—2—3.

Malurpatna, Survey No. 307—3, in the khate and anubhava of Chowda Boyee and bounded on the North by Adikarnataka Colony, South by Remaining Portioncf Survey No. 307 and 308, East by Road to Sulleri and West by Voni and Remaining Portion of Survey No. 308, the area required being 11 guntas, assessed at Re. 0—5—3.

Malurpatna, Survey No. 308, in the khate of Talari Inam and in the anubhava of Kempachowdiah and others and bounded on the North by Adikarnataka Colony South by Remaining Portion of Survey No. 307 and 308, East by Road to Sulteri and West by Voni and Remaining Portion of Survey No. 308, the area required being 18 guntas, assessed at Re. 0—8—7.

By Order of His Highness the Maharaja,

3479

No. L.B. 5794—V.P. 2-51-43, dated 14th August 1951.

Under Section 6 of the Land Acquisition Act No. VII of 1894, it is hereby declared that the land described hereunder is required for a public purpose, *viz*, Village Extension; and under Sections 7 and 3 (c) of the said Act, the Assistant Commissioner in charge of Tiptur Revenue Sub-Division, is authorised to take order for the acquisition of the said land.

Tumkur District, Tiptur Taluk, Nonavinakere Hobli, Nonavinakere Village.

Survey No. 474, in the khate of Sri Anjaneyaswamy and in the anubhava of Archak Thimmamma, wife of Venkatiah, and bounded on the North by Gavatana, South by Survey No. 475, East by Survey No. 476, and West by Survey Nos. 473 and 429, the area required being 1 acre and 22 guntas, assessed at Rs. 1—12—0.

By Order of His Highness the Maharaja,

3406

No. L.B. 5930—V.P. 9-51-18, dated 20th August 1951.

Whereas it appears to His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore that the undermentioned lands situated in Chandakavadi Village, Chamarajanagar Taluk, My ore District, are needed for a public purpose, to wit, for Village Extension; notice to that effect is hereby given to all whom it may concern, in accordance with the provisions of Section 4 (1) of the Land Acquisition Act of 1894, as amended by the Land Acquisition Amendment Act No. I of 1927, and His Highness the Maharaja hereby authorises the Deputy Commi-sioner, Mysore District and his subordinates and also the Sub-Division Officer, Nanjangud, to exercise the powers conferred by Section 4 (2) of the Act. Under sub-section (4) of Section 17 of the Land Acquisition Act of 1894, as amended by Act No. I of 1927, His Highness the Maharaja directs that, in view of the urgency of the case, the provisions of Section 5-A of the Act shall not apply to the acquisition of the land noted below.

Mysore District, Chamarajanagar Taluk, Chandakavadi Hobli, Chandakavadi Village.

Survey No. 69—2A, in the khate of Devamma, wife of Lingaiah and in the anubhava of Devamma, and Mallanna, son of Chikkalingaiah and bounded on the North by Survey Nos. 174 and 175, South by Survey No 68, East by Survey No. 69-2B, and West by Voni, the area required being 3 acres and 18 guntas, assessed at Rs. 5—0—0.

Survey No. 69—2B, in the khate of Siddamma, wife of Madappa and Madappa and in the anubhava of Siddamma and bounded on the North by Survey Nos. 174 and 175, South by Survey No. 68, East by Survey No. 69-1 and West by Survey No. 69-2A, the area required being 1 acre and 9 guntas, assessed at Rs. 1—12—0.

Survey No. 174, in the khate and anubhava of Krishnasetty bin Yajamanasetty and bounded on the North by Road, Southby Survey No. 69, East by Survey No. 175 and West by Voni, the area required being 18 guntas, assessed at Re. 0—12—0.

Survey No. 175—3, in the khate of Krishnasetty and in the anubhava of Mamballi Siddasetty and bounded on the North by Survey No. 175, South by Survey No. 69, East by Survey No. 175 and West by Survey No. 174, the area required being 10 guntas, assessed at Re. 0—6—0.

No. L.B. 5931—V.P. 9-51-19, dated 20th August 1951.

Under Section 6 of the Land Acquisition Act of 1894, as amended by the Land Acquisition Amendment Act No. I of 1927, His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore declare that the lands measuring 5 acres and 19 guntas, be the same, a little more or less, are needed for a public purpose, to wit, for Village Extension and under Sections 4 and 7 of the same Act, the Assistant Commissioner in charge of Nanjangud Sub-Division is appointed to perform the functions of a Deputy Commissioner under the Act and directed to take orders for the acquisition of the said lands. Under sub-section (1) of Section 17 of the Act, His Highness the Maharaja further directs that the possession of the said land may be taken on the expiry of fifteen days from the date of publication of the notice mentioned in Section 9 (1) of the Act. A plan of the land is kept in the Office of the Sub-Division Officer, Nanjangud, and may be inspected at any time during office hours.

Mysore District, Chamarajanagar Taluk, Chandakavadi Hobli, Chandakavadi Village.

Survey No. 69—2A, in the khate of Devamma, wife of Lingaiah and in the anubhava of Devamma, and Mallanna, son of Chikkalingaiah and bounded on the North by Survey Nos. 174 and 175, South by Survey No. 68, East by Survey No. 69—2B and West by Voni, the area required being 3 acres and 18 guntas, assessed at Rs. 5—0—0

Survey No. 69—2B, in the khate of Siddamma, wife of Madappa and Madappa and in the anubhava of Si damma and bounded on the North by Survey Nos. 174 and 175, South by Survey No. 68, East by Survey No. 69—1 and West by Survey No 69—2A, the area required being 1 acre and 9 guntas, assessed at Rs 1—12—0.

Survey No 174, in the khate and anubhava of Krishnasetty bin Yajamanasetty and bounded on the North by Road, South by Survey No. 69, East by Survey No. 175 and West by Voni, the area required being 18 guntas, assessed at Re. 0—12—0.

Survey No. 175—3, in the khate of Krishnasetty and in the anubhava of Mamballi Siddasetty and bounded on the North by Survey No. 175, South by Survey No. 69, East by Survey No. 175 and West by Survey No. 174, the area required being 10 guntas, assessed at Re. 0—6—0.

By Order of His Highness the Maharaja,

3480

No. L.B. 5936—V.P. 9-51-14, dated 20th August 1951.

Whereas it appears to His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore, that the undermentioned land situated in Alagud Village, T.-Narasipur Taluk, Mysore District, is needed for a public purpose, to wit, Village Extension for Lingayet Community; notice to that effect is hereby given to all whom it may concern in accordance with the provisions of Section 4 (1) of the Land Acquisition Act of 1894, as amended by the Land Acquisition Amendment Act No. I of 1927, and His Highness the Maharaja hereby authorises the Deputy Commissioner, Mysore District and his subordinates to exercise the powers conferred by Section 4 (2) of the Act. Under sub-section (4) of Section 17 of the Land Acquisition Act of 1894, as amended by Act No. I of 1927, His Highness the Maharaja directs that, in view of the urgency of the case, the provisions of Section 5-A of the Act shall not apply to the acquisition of the land noted below.

Mysore District, T.-Narasipur Taluk, Kasaba Hobli, Alagud Village.

Survey No. 347—1, in the khate of Nanja bin Kunnari Nanja and in the anubhava of Paravathamma, and bounded on the North by Road, South by Survey Nos. 347—2 and 348, East by Voni and Grama and West by Survey No. 349, the area required being 34 guntas, assessed at Re. 0—9—0.

No. L.B. 5937—V.P. 9-51-15, dated 20th August 1951.

Under Section 6 of the Land Acquisition Act of 1894, as amended by the Land Acquisition Amendment Act No. I of 1927, His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore declares that the land measuring 34 guntas be the same a little more or less, is needed for a public purpose, to wit, Village Extension for the Lingayet Community; and under Sections 4 and 7 of the same Act, the Assistant Commissioner in-charge of Nanjangud Sub-Division, is appointed to perform the functions of a Deputy Commissioner under the Act and directed to take orders for the acquisition of the said land. Under sub-section (1) of Section 17 of the Act, His Highness the Maharaja further directs that the possession of the said land may be taken on the expiry of fifteen days from the date of publication of the notice mentioned in Section 9 (1) of the Act. A plan of the land is kept in the Office of the Sub-Division Officer, Nanjangud Sub-Division, and may be inspected at any time during office hours.

Mysore District, T.-Narasipur Taluk, Kasaba Hobli, Alagud Village.

Survey No. 347—1, in the khate of Nanja bin Kunnari Nanja and in the anubhava of Parvathamma, and bounded on the North by Road, South by Survey No. 347—2 and 348, East by Voni and Grama and West by Survey No. 349, the area required being 34 guntas, assessed at Re. 0—9—0.

By Order of His Highness the Maharaja,

3516

No. L.B. 5800—A.D.C. 8-51-35, dated 14th August 1951.

Whereas it appears to His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore that the undermentioned lands situated in Netkal Village, Malvali Taluk, Mandya District are needed for a public purpose, to wit, for Adikarnataka Colony of Netkal village; notice to that effect is hereby given to all whom it may concern, in accordance with the provisions of Section 4 (1) of the Land Acquisition Act of 1894, as amended by the Land Acquisition Amendment Act No. I of 1927, His Highness the Maharaja hereby authorises the Deputy Commissioner, Mandya District and his subordinates to exercise the powers conferred by Section 4 (2) of the Act. Under sub-section (4) of Section 17 of the Land Acquisition Act of 1894, as amended by Act No. I of 1927, His Highness the Maharaja directs that, in view of the urgency of the case, the provisions of Section 5-A of the Act shall not apply to the acquisition of the lands noted below.

Mandya District, Malvalli Taluk, B. G. Pura Hobli, Netkal Village.

Survey No. 160, in the khate and anubhava of Gundegowda, son of Chikka and bounded on the North by Survey No. 159, South by Survey Nos. 161 and 162, East by Remaing land of 160 and West by Road, the area required being 2 acres and 30 guntas.

Survey No. 162, in the khate and anubhava of Sidda, son of Jogi and bounded on the North by Survey No. 160, South by Remaining land of Survey No. 162, East by Remaining land of Survey No. 162, and West by Remaining land of Survey No. 162, the area required being 5 guntas.

No. L.B. 6801—A.D.C. 8-51-36, dated 14th August 1951.

Under Section 6 of the Land Acquisition Act of 1894, as amended by the Land Acquisition Amendment Act No. I of 1927, His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore declares that the lands measuring 2 acres and 35 gounts be the same a little more or less are needed for a public purpose, to wit, Adikarnataka Colony of Netkal village; and under Sections 4 and 7 of the same Act, the Assistant Commissioner in charge of..... Sub-Division, is appointed to perform the functions of a Deputy Commissioner under the Act and directed to take orders for the acquisition of the said lands. Under sub-section (1) of Section 17 of the Act, His Highness the Maharaja further directs that the possession of the said lands may be taken on the expiry of fifteen days from the date of publication of the notice mentioned in Section 9 (1) of the Act. A plan of the lands is kept in the Office of the .....and may be inspected at any time during office hours.

Mandya District, Malvalli Taluk, B. G. Pura Hobli, Netkal Village.

Survey No. 160, in the khate and anubhava of Gundegowda, son of Chikka and bounded on the North by Survey No. 159, South by Survey Nos. 161 and 162, East by Remaining land of Survey No. 160 and West by Road, the area required being 2 acres and 30 guntas.

Survey No. 162, in the khate and anubhava of Sidda, son of Jogi and bounded on the North by Survey No. 160, South by Remaining land of Survey No. 162, East by Remaining land of Survey No. 162 and West by Remaining land of Survey No. 162, the area required being 5 guntas.

By Order of His Highness the Maharaja,

3405

No. L.B. 5895—L.B. 38-51-3, dated 18th August 1951.

Whereas it appears to His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore, that the undermentioned land situated in Malikoppa Village, Tarikere Taluk, Chikmagalur District, is needed for a public purpose, to wit, Shandy Maidan, notice to that effect is hereby given to all whom it may concern, in accordance with the provisions of Section 4 (1) of the Land Acquisition Act of 1894 as amended by the Land Acquisition Amendment Act No. I of 1927, and His Highness the Maharaja hereby authorisss the Deputy Commissioner, Chikmagalur District, and his subordinates to exercise the powers conferred by Section 4 (2) of the Act. Under sub-section (4) of Section 17 of the Land Acquisition Act of 1894, as amended by Act No. I of 1927, His Highness the Maharaja directs that, in view of the urgency of the case, the provisions of Section 5-A of the Act shall not apply to the acquisition of lands noted below.

Chikmagalur District, Tarikere Taluk, Lakkavalli Hobli, Malikoppa Village.

Survey No. 14, in the khate and anubhava of Haladanna bin Pillanna, and bounded on the North by Survey No. 13, South by Survey No 39, East by Survey No. 13, and West by Survey No. 15 the area required being 3 acres and 7 guntas, assessed at Rs. 1-12-0

No. L.B. 5896—L.B. 38-51-4, dated 18th August 1951.

Under Section 6 of the Land Acquisition Act of 1894, as amended by the Land Acquisition Amendment Act No. I of 1927, His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore declares that the lands measuring 4 acres and 12 guntas, be the same a little more or less, is needed for a public purpose, to wit, Shandy Maidan and under Sections 4 and 7 of the same Act, the Assistant Commissioner in charge of Tarikere Sub-Division is appointed to perform the functions of a Deputy Commissioner under the Act and directed to take orders for the acquisition of the said land. Under sub-section (1) of Section 17 of the Act, His Highness the Maharaja further directs that the possession of the said land may be taken on the expiry of fifteen days from the date of publication of the notice mentioned in Section 9 (1) of the Act. A plan of the land is kept in the Office of the Sub-Division Officer, Tarikere Sub-Division, and may be inspected at any time during office hours.

Chikmagalur District, Tarikere Taluk, Lakkavalli Hobli, Malikoppa Village.

Survey No. 14, in the khate and anubhava of Sri Halladanna, son of Pillanna, and bounded on the North by Survey No. 13, South by Survey No. 39, East by Survey No. 13 and West by Survey No. 15, the area required being 4 acres and 12 guntas (phod kharab 1 acre 5 guntas) assessed at Rs. 1-12-0.

By Order of His Highness the Maharaja,

3430

No. L.B. 5901—V.P. 4-51-39, dated 18th August 1951.

Whereas it appears to His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore that the undermentioned lands situated in Masanihalli Village, Hosadurga Taluk, Chitaldrug District, are needed for a public purpose, to wit, Village Extension to Masanihally, notice to that effect is hereby given to all whom it may concern, in accordance with the provisions of Section 4 (1) of the Land Acquisition Act of 1894, as amended by the Land Acquisition Amendment Act No. I of 1927, His Highness the Maharaja hereby authorises the Deputy Commissioner, Chitaldrug District, and his subordinates and also the Assistant Commissioner, Davangere Sub-Division to exercise the powers conferred by Section 4(2) of the Act. Under Sub-Section (4) of Section 17 of the Land Acquisition Act of 1894, as amended by Act No. I of 1927, His Highness the Maharaja directs that in view of the urgency of the case, the provisions of Section 5-A of the Act shall not apply to the acquisition of lands noted below.

Chitaldrug District, Hosadurga Taluk, Madadakere Hobli, Masanihalli Village.

Masanihalli, Survey No. 12, in the khate and anubhava of Ibrahim Beig bin Budain Beig, and bounded on the North by Survey No. 13—1, South by Gravathana, East by Gravathana, and West Remaining portion in Survey No. 12, the area required being 12 guntas, assessed at Re. 0—3—0.

Masanihalli Survey No. 11, in the khate and anubhava of Razak Sab, and bounded on the North by Gravathana, South by land of Khasim Sab, East by Survey Nos. 2, 3, 4, 1 and Voni and West by Survey No. 11, the area required being 35 guntas, assessed at Re. 0-8-0.

Masanihalli, Survey No. 13—2, in the khate and anubhava of Dadu Sab bin Hayat Sab, and bounded on the North by Survey No. 13—2, South by Survey No. 78, East by Survey No. 78, and West by Gravathana, the area required being 1 acre and 36 guntas assessed at Rs. 1—4—0.

Masanihalli, Survey No. 78, in the khate and anubhava of Shamseerkhan bin Kalla Azeezullakhan, and bounded on the North by Survey No. 13—2, South by Voni, East by Survey No. 77, and West by Gravathana, the area required being 5 acres and 3 guntas, assessed at Rs. 3—0—0.

No. L.B. 5902—V.P. 4-51-40, dated 18th August 1951.

Under Section 6 of the Land Acquisition Act of 1894, as amended by the Land Acquisition Amendment Act No. I of 1927, His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore declares that the lands measuring 8 acres, be the same a little more or less, are needed for a public purpose, to wit, Village Extension to Masanihalli, and under Sections 4 and 7 of the same Act, the Assistant Commissioner in charge of Davangere Sub-Division, is appointed to perform the functions of a Deputy Commissioner under the Act and directed to take orders for the acquisition of the said lands. Under sub-section (1) of Section 17 of the Act, His Highness the Maharaja further directs that the possession of the said lands may be taken on the expiry of fifteen days from the date of publication of the notice mentioned in Section 9 (1) of the Act. A plan of the lands is kept in the Office of the Sub-Division Officer, Davangere Revenue Sub-Division and may be inspected at any time during office hours.

Chitaldrug District, Hosadurga Taluk, Madadakere Hobli, Masanihalli Village.

Masanihalli, Survey No. 12, in the khate and anubhava of Ibrahim Beig bin Buden Beig, and bounded on the North by Survey No. 13—1. South by Gravathana, East by Gravathana, and West by Remaining portion in Survey No. 12, the area required being 12 guntas, assessed at Re. 0—3—0.

Masanihalli, Survey No. 11, in the khate and anubhava of Razak Sab, and bounded on the North by Gravathana, South by Land of Khasim Sab, East by Survey Nos. 2, 3, 4, 1 and voni and West by Survey No. 11, the area required being 35 guntas, assessed at Re. 0—8—0.

Masanihalli, Survey No. 13—2, in the khate and anubhava of Dadu Sab bin Hayat Sab, and bounded on the North by Survey No. 13—2, South by Survey No. 78, East by Survey No. 78, and West by Gravathana, the area required being 1 acre and 30 guntas, assessed at Rs. 1—4—0.

Masanihalli, Survey No. 78, in the khate and anubhava of Shamseerkhan bin Kalla Azeezulla Khan, and bounded on the North by Survey No. 13—2, South by Voni, East by Survey No. 77 and West by Gravathana, the area required being 5 acres and 3 guntas assessed at Rs. 3—0—0.

By Order of His Highness the Maharaja,

T. RANGAMALLIAH,
Secretary to Government,
Revenue Department.

3431